## WE CLAIM:

- 1. A process for the preparation of a pentopyranosyl nucleotide containing nucleic acid comprising
  - (a) bonding a 3'-, 4'-protected nucleoside of the formula

$$S_{c1}O$$
 $S_{c2}O$ 
 $R^1$ 

to a solid phase,

wherein R<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of H, OH, phosphoramidite, Br, Cl, and an oligomer;

wherein  $S_{c1}$  is selected from the group consisting of H, acyl group, trityl group, allyloxycarbonyl group, phosphoester(III), phosphoester(V), thiophosphate(V), phosphonate, and phosphoramidite;

wherein  $S_{c2}$  is selected from the group consisting of H, acyl group, trityl group, allyloxycarbonyl group, phosphoester(III), phosphoester(V), thiophosphate(V), phosphonate, phosphoramidite, and an oligomer;

wherein B is a nucleobase selected from the group consisting of purine, 2,6-diaminopurine, 6-purinethiol, pyridine, pyrimidine, adenine, guanine, isoguanine, 6-thioguanine, xanthine, hypoxanthine, thymine, cytosine, isocytosine, indole, tryptamine, N-phthaloyltryptamine, uracil, caffeine, theobromine, theophylline, benzotriazole, and acridine; and

wherein X is an H or a linker of the formula - $(CH_2)_n$ -Y, wherein Y is a protected or deprotected nucleophile or electrophile;

- (b) reacting the 3'-, 4'-protected nucleoside bonded to a solid phase according to step (a) with a phosphitylated 3'-, 4'-protected nucleoside of the same formula in step (a), after deprotecting the 4' position of the nucleoside bonded to the solid phase;
  - (c) oxidizing the coupled product from step (b); and
- (d) repeating steps (b) and (c) using nucleosides or linker nucleosides until the desired nucleic acid is produced, wherein the nucleic acid contains at least one linker of the formula  $-(CH_2)_n-Y$ .